

Workshop Goals and Results: Immuno-LCM

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Goals

- Stain mouse kidney sections for microvascular pericytes
 - NG2 primary antibody
 - α SMA primary antibody (Alexa488 direct conjugate)
- Immunofluorescent guided microdissection
- Nuclear Staining

NG2 Primary Antibody

Goal: Achieve Fluorescent Signal

- Experimental Set-Up
 - No blocking
 - 30 minute incubation
 - 1:50 dilution, 25 μ l per tissue section
 - 30 minute incubation with secondary antibody
 - Alexa488 and Alexa555
- Results
 - No signal
 - Non-specific staining

α SMA Primary Antibody

Goal: Achieve Fluorescent Signal

- Experimental Set-Up

- No blocking
- 30 minute incubation, 25 μ l per tissue section
- 1:50 dilution

- Results

- Signal!
- Clear vascular structures under fluorescent microscope
- Some background, but signal is clear

α SMA Primary Antibody

Goal: Reduce Incubation Time

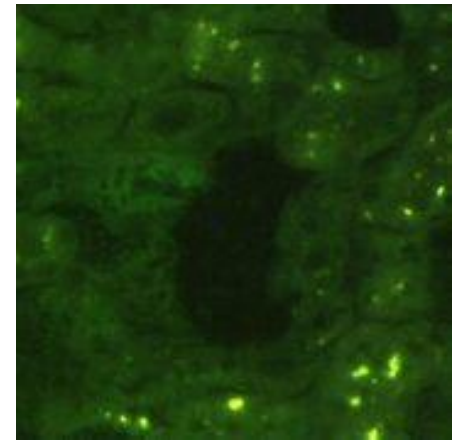
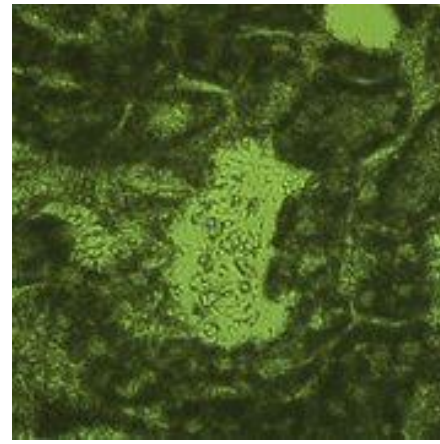
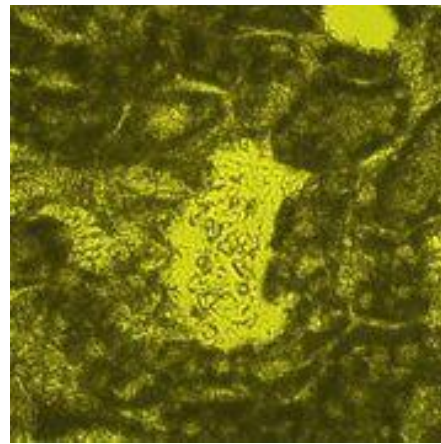
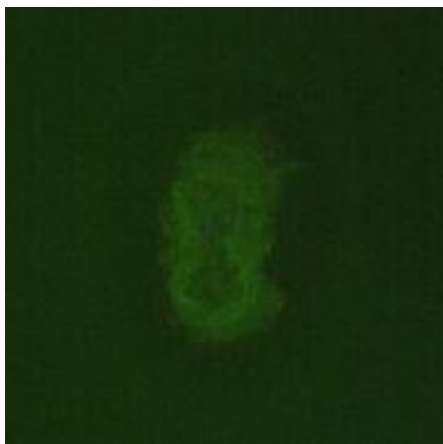
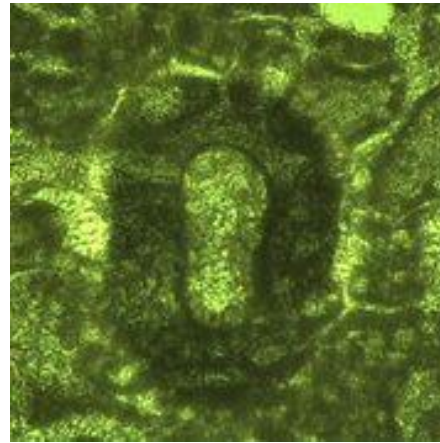
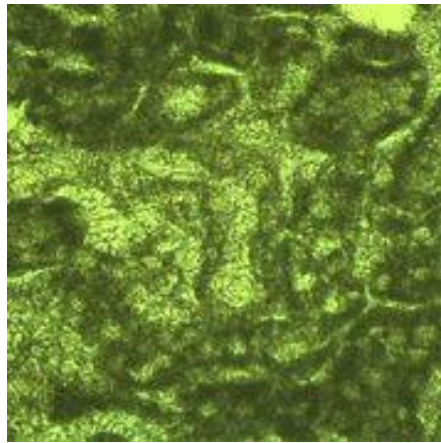
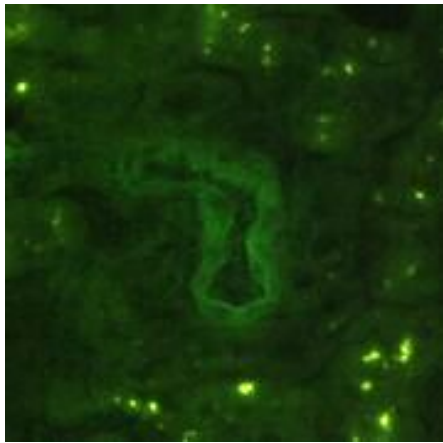
- Experimental Set-Up
 - No blocking
 - 1:50 dilution, 25 μ l per tissue section
 - 15 minute, 5 minute, 30 second incubations

- Results
 - Signal!

α SMA Primary Antibody

Goal: LCM

1:50 dilution (25 μ l, 30 sec)



α SMA Primary Antibody

Goal: Reduce Staining Volume

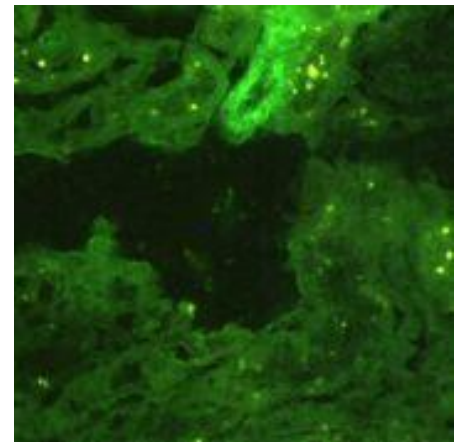
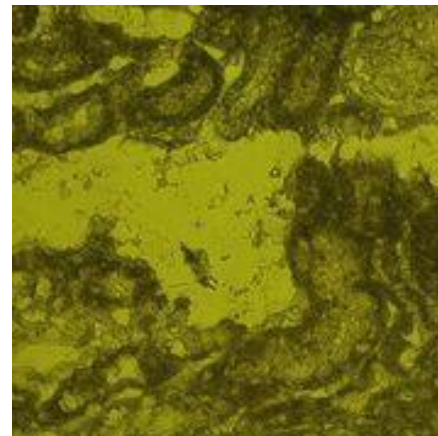
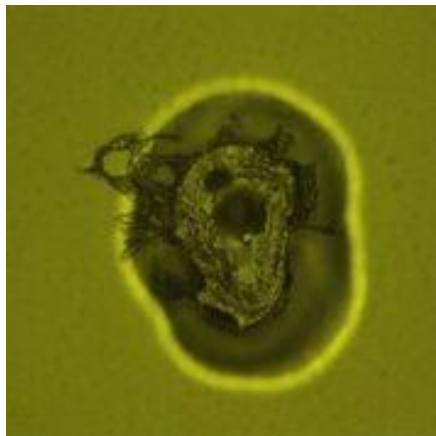
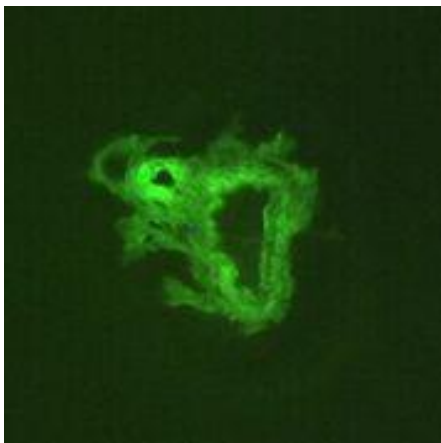
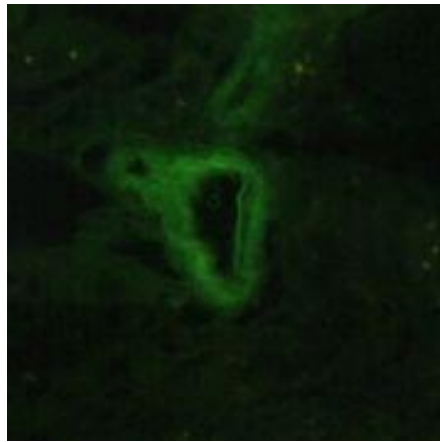
- Experimental Set-Up
 - No blocking
 - 1:25 dilution, 12.5 μ l per tissue section
 - 30 second incubation

- Results
 - Signal!

α SMA Primary Antibody

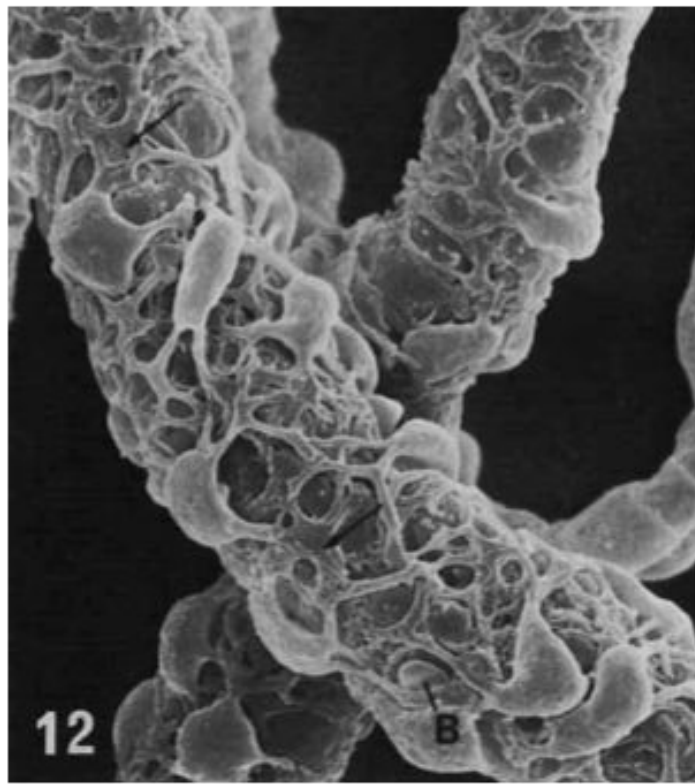
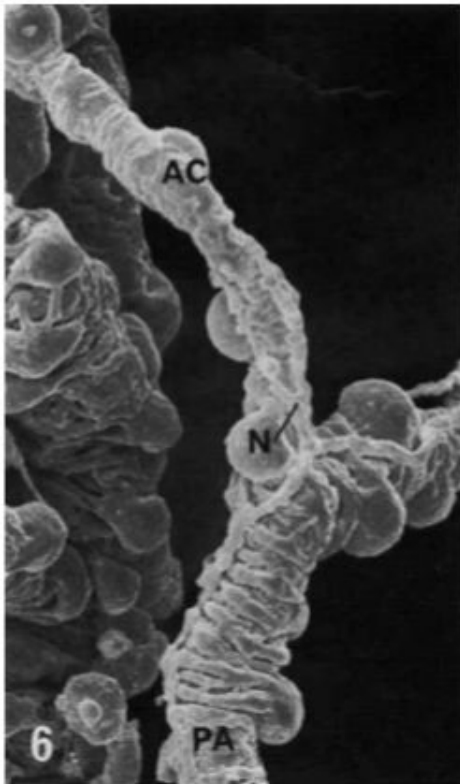
Goal: LCM

1:25 dilution (12.5 μ l, 30 sec)



Nuclear Staining

Goal: Counterstain α SMA to Identify Single Cells



Nuclear Staining

Goal: Counterstain α SMA to Identify Single Cells

	NUCLEAR FAST RED	DAPI	DRAQ5	SYTO 16
PROS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Fast• Strong nuclear dye	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Strong• Little bleed through anticipated	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Compatible with GFP/488/FITC (far red)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Low concentrations stain DNA only
CONS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High concentration stains cytoplasm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• UV	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High concentration stains cytoplasm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High concentration stains RNA• Not compatible with GFP/488 (green)
RESULTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• n/a	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Stained in “blobs” at 30 s and 1 min incubations• No clear nuclei image	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Nuclei stained at 1:10,000 and 1:1,000• Bleed through• Nuclei do not overlap with stained region	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• “Empty Nuclei” staining pattern• Extremely bright

Conclusions

- Secondary antibodies are not compatible with this method
- High affinity antibodies with direct fluorescent conjugates can stain cells in as little as 30 seconds
- Of those tested here, low concentrations (1:10,000) of DRAQ5 work best for nuclear staining